Pair tonight and tomorrow.

conspirators have been made.

1

It Will Likely Be Located Downtown, in Charge of a Commissary Officer.

GEN. STEEVER IS NOT YET ADVISED

Recommended the Establishment of the Post, on Query From Gen. Wood.

Washington, D. C., Sept, 14 .- Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood today ordered a general army supply post established Conditions in Mexico are reported to

be chaotte. Starvation during the coming winter threatens to add to the suffering. The

rural population will be unable to plant or califivate crops.

Gen. Wood's action is taken to indocate that officials here believe the revolution will be protracted and that he wishes to be in a position to supply a large number of American troops along the border.

Gen. E. Z. Steever, commanding the military department of Texas, recommended the establishment of the supply post. rural population will be unable to plant

SUPPLY DEPOT MAY

BE LOCATED DOWNTOWN

The news of the establishment of a general supply post for the army at El Paso came as a surprise. Gen. E. Z. Steever communding the Department of Texas, sold that he had received no advice up to noun of its establishment, but that he had been asked about the navisability of such 2 supply post and had recommended its establishment. He did not know whether the post would had recommended its establishment. He did not know whether the post would be established at Fort files or devu-town, he said, but it is more than likely that it will be located in some building downtown, which the government will lease, as there is no spare room at the post and a downtown building would be in closer touch with erlived shipping facilities, which are quite necessary, insamped as the nest will sample. ping facilities, which are quite necessary, inasanch as the post util snuply the treops now on guerd duty in the Southwest. In many large cities of the United States such supply depots are located and they usually employ a large force of civilians as well as millitary men. An officer of the subsistence department and perhaps an officer of the quartermenter's department, will be stationed here as a result of the establishment of the depot. It is certain that the subsistence officer will be located here, inasance as the principal idea of establishing the depot is for the distribution of food supplies. If quartermater's applies are to be included, then a quartermater officer will also officer will nise

AMERICAN MARINES WELCOME AT GUAYMAS

Refer Cinss of Mexicans Are Glad to

Have the American Guebest
in the Harbor.

Nogaies Ariz., Sept 14.—Dan Whita, formerly in the general effices of the Sonora railway, now in the draughting offices of the S. P. de Mexico, at Empalme, was a business visitor in Nogaies this week. Mr. White states that the officers and men of the United States gunboar Vicksburg, which is stationed at Guaymas are being well treated by the people of Guaymas. The men are granted shore leave, but a provost guard is on duty all the time on shore and if any of the marines or sallers become the least boisterous, they are immediately taken to the ship by the guard. Governor Maytorena and the prefect of Guaymas made formal calls on the officers of the Vicksburg and were afterward entertained at

and were afterward entertained at lunch aboard ship. Then the officers of the Vicksburg were entertained by the officials of Guayras.

At the time Mr. White left Guaymas, the men in the railroad offices were making up a purse to be used in entertaining the marines and sailors of the Vicksburg. Mr. White states that the better class of people in Guaymas appear to be glad of the presence of the gunboat in the barbor, but from other sources it is learned that the more other sources it is learned that the more ignorant of the people seem to resent it very much and are loud-spoken in their displeasure.

AMERICANS SHOULD

FILE THEIR CLAIMS Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—Col. Kernan, chairman of the army board, appointed to investigate the claims of Americans against Hexico, said today that his board is at a standatifil because not a single claim has been filed so far with the committee.

The claims should be filed promptly with the board in Washington.
The board will then make appointments with the various claimants and will go to the border and make a personal investigation of each claim.

AMERICAN IN MEXICAN

ARMY TO BE EXECUTED Mexico City, Mex., Sept. 14.—The by John Devine, writing from Cuer-navaca and claiming to be an Amer-ican enlisted in the Mexican army, that he has been sentenced to death by the federals and that he is ignorant of the charge against him. The embassy has so far been unable to discover the writer's name among the Mexican sol-

GEN. TERRAZAS TO RETURN
SUNDAY TO CHIHUAHUA
Gen. Luis Terrazas, of Chihuahua,
who has been in California since the
start of the Orozco revolution, is expected to return Sunday and will go to
Chihuahua to participate in the September 16 celebration.

CAVALRY FOR FABEAS,
A troop of the 3d cavalry, under command of Lieut. King, left Visleta Saturday morning for Fabeas, where the soldiers will be stationed for a

FEAR SLAUGHTER OF FOREIGNERS IN MEXICO.

Douglas, Ariz. Sept. 14.— Americans along the border ex-press great anxiety over threats of rebels against all Americans after September 16. The 15th ends the period given by Campos in an ultimatum to "Gringoes" and other foreigners to leave Mexico to and for Mexicans."

DECLINES TO NAME NEW CHIEF JUSTICE

Governor Aska Peticolas to Withdraw Resignation; Dan Jackson Urged For the Position.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 14 .- The appointment of Dan M. Jackson, of El Paso, to the chief justiceship of the 8th court of civil appeals to succeed chief justice W. M. Peticolas, who has tendered his resignation to the executive.
was recommended to governor Colquitt
today by Dr. T. T. Jackson, of San
Antonio, a brother of the El Passan.
Dan M. Jackson Antonio, a brother of the fit rasoan.

Dan M. Jackson is nominee for district
judge in the border city. The appointment to this office is to be merely untill the election contest decides the
successor to justice Peticolas. The
governor, however, advised his visitor that he would not make an ap-pointment to this position, as he does not care to be involved in the political situation relative to the race for chief justice. He has asked justice Petico-las to withdraw his resignation, and it that is not done he will allow the court to operate with two judges until the election decides the matter.

JACKSON IS ENDORED. Local lawyers had been expecting the governor to appoint Dan M. Jackson to the position. He has received the endorsement of the majority of the bar, including district judge James It. Harper, judge F. G. Morris, judge Peticolas, the retiring justice, and district judge A. M. Waithall. Practically all the lawyers except a few intimately connected with the inner working of connected with the inner working of the ring are said to have endorsed Jackson for the place.

LIEUT. GARDENHIRE RETURNS TO FT. BLISS

Officer in Fourth Cavairy May Be Aid to Gen. Steever-Reports Say Border Points Are Quiet.

Lieut W.C. Gardenhire, of the 4th cavalry, has been ordered from duty on the border at Douglas, Ariz, to Fort Hiss, for special duty. While Gen. 12 Z Steever says that he has received no orders regarding Lieux. Gardenhire a transfer, it is believed that he will be appointed as one of the department commander's aldes.

Steever when he was in command of the cavalry and until the arrival of Capt. W. F. Clark. After he was re-lieved by Capt. Clark Lieut. Gardenlilre was assesigned to his troop and accompanied the regiment to Fori Hunchuca, Ariz., when it was transferred there from Fort Bliss.

Gen. Steever has had reports from Maria, Texas, and Douglas, Arizona, and that everything is only a

saying that everything is quiet at these two border points and that there are no indications of revolution ary notivities on the Mexican side.

PAY FINAL RESPECTS

TO DEAD EMPEROR Kloto, Japan, September 14.—The imperial funeral train bearing the body of

passed. An imperial salute was fired by the Japanese warships in Tokio bay as the train passed the coast towards

NAVY WILL OPEN THE BIG CANAL IN 1913

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—The Panama canal is to be opened to traffic in the fall of 1913. This statement was made officially at the navy department today with an announcement that the Atlantic fleet would be rendezvoused at Colon this winter before the water is turned in the water is turned in.

The navy's estimate is based on the latest report from the army engineers.

CHINESE KILL MONGOLIAN WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

14.—The Novoe Vremya's Har-bin, Manchuria, correspondent says Mongolia is being subjected to Chinese horrors resembling the atrocities perpetrated by the savage hordes in the middle ages.

middle ages.

The Chinese troops, the correspondent declares are killing women and children to repress the natural increase of Mongolians while the adult Monzolians are being tortured by being roasted alive over slow fires

Six thousand Chinese troops are preparing to continue these atrocities throughout the winter, according to the corre-

POLITICAL POLICEMAN

.

IS ASSASSINATED. London, England, Sept. 14.—Col. Lupakoff, head of the Russian political police, was shot down while waiting for a street car today with his wife at Pyatigorsk, Ciscancasia, according to a dispatch received here by a news agency from St. Petersburg. The assassin escaped.

******** NINE POUND GIRL. Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Piper, Friday afternoon, a nine pound girl

Goes Out With His Yaqui Indians and Is Fighting Campa's Band.

ANXIETY FOR THE MORELOS COLONISTS

Douglas, Aria, Sept. 14.-Declaring

Douglas, Aria. Sept. 14.—Deciaring that he would rid northern Sonora of rebel bands which have defected that section of Mexico since the collapse of the Oroxco revolution in Chihuahua, Gen. Augustin Sanjinez left Agua Prieta before daybreak today at the head of a large force of federals.

At 10 oclock a rancher brought in word that fighting was in progress between the federals and rebels under larged last night.

Only 200 federals remain at Agua Prieta, Only 200 federals remain at a meritan met them at the other side of the burned bridges, on the Nacosarl railread and they were reported to hare arrived at Ysabal, 30 miles west of El Tigre, early today. They started immediately afoot for the American camp, wilch was assaulted by rebels under Salvar yesterday. Nothing was received from El Tigre today except that

mediately afoot for the American camp, which was assaulted by rebels under Salizar yesterday. Nothing was received from El Tigre today except that firing was heard on the Bavispe river, 12 miles away late last night.

Federal Scouts Killed.

A message brought here said that five federal scouts zent out from El Tigre had been killed or captured by the rebels. At 3 oclock last night a column of federals was dispatched by Gen. Sanjines in the direction of Cenisas, and at 3 oclock a courier brought word to the federal commander which resulted in the sending of further troops tod.

Arms to Defend Buccrae.

The United States officials here were

The United States officials here were confronted with a unique problem to-day, when Maj. Hice telephoned to con-sul Dye that a band of a men with 21 rifles and carrying a Mexican national flag had asked permission to cross American territory at San Bernardine ratich, 20 miles east of Denglas, to make their way by way of this city into Agua Prieta to secure arms and ammunition for volunteers at the town of Bacerac, 125 miles southeast of this point, he Arterior county and find of Baccrac, 126 miles southeast of this point, he American consul could find no precedent for granting the permit and referred the matter to Gen. W. S. Schuyler, commanding the United States troops. The problem was solved when it was learned that federals had cleared the vicinity of the border and word was sent to the Mexican delegation to come into Agua Prieta without crossing the border, Mexican consul Cuenta and 100 sifies and 25,000 rounds of anomunition would be given the men to take back to Baccrac.

Anxiety for Mormons.

Much anxiety is felt here for the

Much anxiety is felt here for the afety of the Mormons remaining at colonia Morelos. Runners were sent out last night to notify them of the ap-proach toward that town of Rojas and his rebels, who conveyed threats to Mormon leaders that they would wipe out the fown and kill every American there. Only four men and a boy re-main at Morelos. The damage already done to the Mormons is estimated at

Several Mexican cowboys and their families from Gallardo ranch, who have been held prisoners by the rebels for several days, are reported to have been released and now on their way to Douglas

Cavalry Is Distributed.

Cavalry is Distributed.

Distribution of the Ninth United States cavalry was made today by Gen. Schuyler. Eight troops and regimental headquarters will remain at Douglas. Two iroops were sent to Warren, Ariz, one troop to Naco and one to the San Bernardino ranch.

Maj. Hardeman and two troops of the Fourth eavalry, who have been relieved on the border patrol here, will take their new station at Hereford, west of Douglas, next Monday. There has been no disorder of any importance due to the arrival of the negro regiment, despite the fact that the negro troopers received three months pay while en route here from Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

Salazar is Repulsed,

Salnang In Repulsed, Gen. Salazar's attack upon El Tigre-Friday ended in a repulse for the rebels by the small band of federals garrisoning the camp. According to word received here last night, the attack began at 6 oclock yesterday

At 7:30 oclock Salazar sent a mes-senger under a flag of truce to the commander of the federals demanding the surrender of the town to avoid further bloodshed. As no one in the camp had been wounded it was believed that Salazar's request came as the result of loss among his own men. Attack Renewed.

When the demand for the town's surrender was refused. Salazar renewed the attack and firing continued until 5 ociock last night. At that hour Salazar withdrew his force to camp, but at nightfall they began firing upon the fown at long range. The fedon the town at long range. The federals replied to the fire. During the day's fighting, two federals were wounded. No Americans were wounded. The rebel loss is unknown. One rebel was killed on the streets in an attempt by a party of rebels to rush a section of the camp. It is though their loss in the hills was heavy.

The plant of the El Tigre Mining company was operated all day.

Americans Kept Out. Americans at El Tigre were notified by the company officials to take no part in the defence of the camp be-cause of the half dozen American

is rushing troops into the disaffected districts but the necessity for maintaining a formidable force in the vicinity of the capital is hampering the program. Trains are being wrecked and looted by bandits in the state of Chihuahua, and in one instance several passengers were killed, none of them, however, being Americans. This information was transmitted to the department with the statement that all was quiet along the border. SENATOR SMITH HITS The Border Crisis

to be operating along the international raod toward Ciudad, Porfirio Diaz.

ANARCHY IN SOUTHERN MEXICO.

Mexican Herald Urges Mexico to Ask U. S. Troops to Enter Mexico to Protect Americans. (From Mexican Herald.)

Criticising the policy of the United States government in Mexico—in his usual diplomatic way—United States senator William Alden Smith gave out a statement to the press before leaving for California Friday night, after a week of investigation in El Paso.

"While it would be foolbardy for our government to involve itself unnecessarily in the affairs of Mexico, yet as a practical suzerain in the western hemisphere we should never healtate to protect American citizens.

Problem of Great Importance.

Widespread Plot Of Rebellion In Mexico

ment that similar plans were on foot against Puebla, Monterey and Saltillo. In all of these places, arrests of alleged

with information that Americans and other foreigners were seeking refuge in Mexico City. The Madero government

Mexico City, Mex., Sept. 14.—That the plot to occupy and sack the capital Sept. 16, the anniversary of Mexico's independence, was more widespread than at first imagined, is indicated by reports received here by the govern-

The plot to occupy Saltillo and Monterey is believed here to be a part of the general rebel movement in the northern part of the state of Coahuila. The revolutionists are said to be organized there under Andres Garza Galan, and

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—Reports of anarchy in southern Mexico reached the state department today

western hemisphere we should never hesitate to protect American citizens from torture, persecution or robber; which occur through the inability of constitutional authorities to exercise their protective functions for the preservation of the liberties and other rights of Americans," declared the senator from Michigan.

"So many cases of wanton oppression and unnecessary hardship have presented themselves to our committee and seemingly so little has been done by our government to strike at done by our government to strike at the root of the entire difficulty, that I am not surprised to find among the more reckless of the Mexican people a disposition to belittle our prowess, de-cry our strength and misconstrue our Mexico and the United States!

If Mexico were in a position to offer prompt and effective aid to Americans so endangered there would be no excuse and no desire on the part of the United States to go to their rescue.

Since the rebels who are threatening the lives and property of Americans in Sonora are declared enemies of the United States and Mexico, why, in Heaven's name, and all that is righteous and humane, must Mexico and the United States apilit hairs as to the territory in which they are found or whose troops assist is their destruction?

If I had an idea regarding intervention I would not give it, because I Americans at the hands of other governments, and assures the same treatment of their citizens among us, should be the secure heritage of our people, and it must not be a garment to nut on and off at the whim or caprice of anyone.

Hopes for Mexican Pence.

"If I had an idea regarding intervention I would not give it, because I firm and full of common sense."

Problem of Great Importance

U. S. MEXICAN POLICY

Ches at Opinaga in twice quitting the town, once when it was threatened, another time when it was being attacked, is looked upon as one of the straws that shows the direction of the wind.

The Mexico City diapatch printed in The Herial totiay regarding the suspected disloyant? of the army to Madder is borne out largely by conditions existing allore the border.

Lack of parsuit of the rebels investing the territory both east and west of Juneze, which is headdusarters for the army in the north commanded by Gen. Victoriano Huerta, seems to be respensible for the peristatency of the tumor of disloyalty. It is known that troops from Juneze only were sent into Sonora along the Arizona border on absolute orders from Mexico City following requests from Washington that American mining interests and American lives must be protected.

That Gen. Rabago with the main group of federal cavalry remains interior at Command of Gen. Huerta, who contidered significant. Rabago is undercommand of Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta, who controls all forces in the local military zone. Gen. Huerta has been mentioned often as a presidential possibility.

REBELS STOP FREIGHT

INSTEAD OF PAYCAR

Rebels numbering 150. In an effort to seize the pay train of the Mexico North Western, stopped a north bound freight at Kilometer 75, about 50 miles south of Juarez, Friday afternoon, according to trainmen arriving in Juarez. Every car in the train was searched, but nothing of value for the rebels was secured. The pay car, which was following the freight, was stopped at Guzman and sent back to Pearson, trainmen say.

The appearance of the rebels at the railroad track Friday is the first in several week. There are no federals in that immediate vicinity, the Mexican troops sent out to guard work trains having returned to Juaret when reinforcements from the border city were sent to Agua Prieta.

Orozco to Be Connected With the Movement, According to the Report.

CIRCUMSTANCES ALL POINT TO TROUBLE

Federal Army Is Inactive; Is Not Fighting the Rebels Anywhere in Mexico.

Mexico City, Mex., Sept. 14 .- Rumor that will not down has it that a new revolt is about to be sprung in Mexico and that this time it will concern the Mexican federal army.

The inactivity of the federals against the rebels throughout northern Mexico is suspected as being due to this pending "I have no hesitation in saying that the Mexican situation can be under-

Monday, Mexican independence day, is the rumored date set for the revolt.

the Mexican situation can be understood only by a close examination. It
presents a problem of very great importance to that republic, and will
have a tremen us influence in the
affairs of the countries further south.
The wanton destruction of property,
aggregating many millions of dollars,
is fairly staggering in its enormity,
and the military strength of the Mexfean government is being taxed to its
utmost to cope with the revolutionary
situation. In some of the northern
states of Mexico, where the activities
of Orozeo, Salmar and Rojas have been Details are lacking-the story is only street and department corridor gossip, but is persistent as such-but Gen. Victoriano Huerta, now commanding the federal army in northern Mexico, is selected by the gossips as the man to be chosen to take the leadership. Pascual Orozco, it is declared, is to be connected of Orosco, Salazzar and Rojas have been principally directed, the state govern-ments seem to have been partially auperseded by military rule, although there is a form of civil procedure still with the new movement. Whether the socialistic rebels of Salazar and Rojas in northern Sonora are to have any connection with the new move is not known

At the war department, nothing is said about the trouble or any suspicion of trouble, though there appears to be an undercurrent of suspicion or fear; and there has been no talk of late that would indicate any great degree of confidence in the army, the loyalty of which Madero and the government have boasted for a long time until quite recently. The department does not explain nor attempt to explain the inactivity of the federals in the north. The action of Gen. Sanches at Ojinaga in twice quitting the

Emilio Vasquez Gomez is to be one

REBELS STOP FREIGHT of the cabinet ministers of the new movement, it is said, and David de la Fuente, now in an El Paso hospital, awaiting

MEXICANS HISS MADERO AND CHEER FOR DIAZ

Mexico City, Mex., Sept. 14.-The name of Madero was bissed here yesterday in the chamber of deputies and that of Diaz was cheered by a crowd that packed the galleries. In the streets later, disapproval of the president was loudly voiced by throngs who watched the chief executive pass in his enrriage. The same throngs called hearty vivas for deposed Diaz. The police dispersed the crowds without meeting any resistance.

The deputies were holding a prelimina: session to pass upon disputed credential. hen incidents in the debate relative to deputies who had opposed Madero enlied forth the outburst from the galleries.

REBEL FORCES ARE ENCIRCLING JUAREZ

Bands of rebel forces have been almost completely encircling Juarez during the last few days and it is stated that the forces of Orozco's men numbering in some cases two or three hundred, are not far from the town, and, although federals have been notified of the nearness of the rebel forces, they have made no effort to go out after them. Twenty miles east of Junrez at San Augustin, a force of rebels is said to be encamped. Rebels are also reported at Guadalupe, east of Juarex, San Ignacio, also east of the town; at Samalayuca, El Cuervo, Banderas and El Hueso. Gen. Huerta, it is stated, knows where these forces are, but the rebels have not been molested by the federals.

In Guadalupe, the rebels are said to be looting the town and although the citizens are said to have beseeched Huerta to send forces there, it has not been

Rebels held up a Mexico North Western train south of Juarez Friday night.

Why cannot Mexico any to the United States, in the more werlans cases in which American lives are placed in Jeopardy in Mexico: "Cross the line and offer protection in the name of humanity and against our communication, and against our communication of the name of humanity and against our communication of horizontal such time as our federal troops on arrive." HAYMORE KII-LED NEW REBELLION IS BY THE REBELS EXPECTED LOCALLY Mormons Receive Telegram of Confirmation of Nederal Army From Mexicon arrive." HOUNGE KII-LED NEW REBELLION IS EXPECTED LOCALLY Mormons Receive Telegram of Confirmation of Nederal Army From Mexicon arrive." ation of Murder of the Loung Mi

It might be humiliating to Mexican pride to admit that even in one small corner of their find they were not able at all times to afford absolute safety to Treeps For Chikash a Colonies.
Bishop C. W. Idliywhite, of Colonia
Morelos, has dispelled all hope that
Edward Haymore, son of bishop F. D.
Haymore, of Colonia Caxata, had been
saved from death at the agads of the native and foreigner alike, but, when the case is so patent as it is today, it is time to look the situation squarely in the face. rebels. A message was received from bishop Lilly white at the Mormon head-quarters in El Paso Saturday morning saying that the harness, trousers and underclothing of young Haymore had been found at Gallordo ranch, nine If Mexico were to invite such a miles below Agua Prieta, on the More-los road and it is now believed that when he was met on the road by the bels, en route from Agua Prieta, he

was murdered.

Haymore had gone to Morelos after some household goods and was enroute to Douglas, when he was overtaken. Bishop Lillywhite went to Gallardo ranch and made an investigation in person and inductiately telegraphed the El Paro quarters that he believed Haymore had been murdered. Haymore came from Physon, Utah, and was the eidest son of bishop F. D. Haymore, of Colonia Oaxaca. He was married only two months ago. His

JAIL IN DOUGLAS

Fillbuster Party Distrined By Rebels,

and, Almost Starved, Reuras
to American Border.
Douglas, Arlz, Sept. 14.—"General"
E. S. O'Bellly and three followers.
Jones, Callahan and O'Keefe, compris-

laws.

The quartet, hungry, dirty and footsore, were without arms or ammunition when they recrossed the line into
this country. Although they had declared they would "never be taken
alive," they met the rebels after having been across the line but a few
hours and had their horses, arms, all
food and a portion of their clothing
taken from them.

As a joke, Rojas left one diminutive
burro among the four. They were

burro among the four. They were driven into the ranch 16 miles east

American prison better than death in Mexico, for want of frijoles.

O'Reilly's figures, given out at the time of his departure from Pouslus, of 300 followers, have falled so far of verification. It is believed that he and

the three others, comprised the "filli-

of here by starvation, deeming

the "American army in ing the American arms surrendered themselves at San Plernardine ranch last night to United States soldiers, being brought to Douglas to-day for preliminary hearing on a charge of violating the neutrality

If Mexico were to invite such a friendly conperation on the part of the United States, in case of dire necessity, if would be the most positive insurance possible that any American occupation of Mexican territory would be limited absolutely to the time required for Mexico to supplant American soldiers with a Mexican force.

If, on the other hand, the danger grows and the situation becomes more strained, until Americans on their own initiative cross the border to offer suecor to endangered brothers, as may very possibly happen, opposition to this invasion by Mexicans will result in a conflict that will lead to ill feeling and probably embroil the two actions in serious confilet.

It should be plain to Mexicans, howserious conflict.
It should be plain to Mexicaus, however, that if, after the unexampled forbearance exhibited by the American government and the American people, United States troops are forced to enter Mexico for the paipable protection of the lives of Americaus, lives that Mexico is not in a position to protect, this country can look for little sympathy in the eyes of the world if such action is married only two months ago. His brother, Millard Haymore, conducts a big store in Agua Prieta. big store in Agua Prieta.

A conference between the Moymon officials and Gen. Huerta was held Friday night, when the Mormons were again proutsed protection in the Chi-huahua colonies. Gen. Huerta informed them that troops would be at

the Madero government to transport La Ascension Saturday morning and that all of the colonies would be gar-risoned by troops from Rabago's com-mand. He gave as an excuse for not its troops through American territory for the purpose of putting down the revolution in Sonora has greatly in creased the hostility of the rebels to the Americans in that state and that sending troops sooner the fact that Gen. Sanjines and his command had with a large force of federals now within easy striking distance of the main body of rebels. Americans are been withdrawn from that district to be sent to Agua Pricta. even in greater jeopardy than hereto-"GEN." O'REILLY IN

Officials of the United States gov-ernment in Douglas, express openly the belief that Gen. Sanjinez had no the belief that Gen. Sanjinez had no intention of giving battle to the rebels, although he has a much superior force and equipment. The Douglas International, a local afternoon newspaper, which has heretofore been a strong supporter of the Madero government, prints a bitter denunciation of that administration because of federal inactivity while rebels were looting within a few miles. The completent atin a few miles. The complacent at-titude of the federal leaders was referred to as a "disgusting farce

the eyes of the world if such action is

Rebels Swarm Over Sonora, Reports from many points in Sonora Indicate that rebel bands are swarmindicate that rebel bands are swarming all over the state, looting as they go, while there are said to be sufficient federals at border points to suppress the revolution in short order under a more active policy. A band of 60 rebols were within a mile of the border at Hereford, west of here, yesterday and were said to have camped for the night at San Pedro ranch.

Roiss Postpones Attack.

Rojas Postpones Attack. en. W. S. Schuyler, commanding department of California, says that Rojas informed him by courier that he had "postponed his attack on Agua Prieta in deference to the wishes of the American government.

Gen. Augustin Sanjinez and his staff came across the line yesterday for a formal call on Gen. Schuyler.

A NEW REBEL BAND IN COAHUILA, MEX.

Mexico. City. Mexico. Sept. 14.—The new rebel movement in Coabulla is said to be made by rebel bands from the Lacause of the half dozen American women there and almost certain retaination by the rebels in the event of the town's capture, which would mean a heavy financial loss to the company. Salazar's force was said to outnumber greatly the defenders of the camp.

Federals Are Inactive.

Much indignation is expressed here today by Americans with heavy interests in Sonora because of the inactivity of the Mexican federals. It is asserted that the permission granted

MEXICO NOW WANTS HORSES FOR CAVALRY

Stock huyers in El Paso have been asked to submit blds for 1000 cavalry horses for Gen. Rabago's cavalry com-mand of the Mexican army. The horses which have been used by Rabago in his field campaign have been dying of some contaglous disease, the stock men say, and the government is anxious to replace them with sound an-

AMMUNITION FOR MONTEREY,
Monterey, Mex., 14.—A carfoad of
ammunition passed through here last
night en route to Chihuahua.